



## Medical Policy Manual **Approved Rev: Do Not Implement until 3/4/25**

### **Eculizumab Products (Soliris®, Bkempv™ [Eculizumab-aeab], and Epysqli® [Eculizumab-aagb])**

Some agents on this policy may require step therapy See “Step Therapy Requirements for Provider Administered Specialty Medications” Document at:

[https://www.bcbst.com/docs/providers/Comm\\_BC\\_PAD\\_Step\\_Therapy\\_Guide.pdf](https://www.bcbst.com/docs/providers/Comm_BC_PAD_Step_Therapy_Guide.pdf)

#### **IMPORTANT REMINDER**

We develop Medical Policies to provide guidance to Members and Providers. This Medical Policy relates only to the services or supplies described in it. The existence of a Medical Policy is not an authorization, certification, explanation of benefits or a contract for the service (or supply) that is referenced in the Medical Policy. For a determination of the benefits that a member is entitled to receive under his or her health plan, the Member's health plan must be reviewed. If there is a conflict between the medical policy and a health plan or government program (e.g., TennCare), the express terms of the health plan or government program will govern.

#### **POLICY**

##### **I. INDICATIONS**

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered covered benefits provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

##### FDA-Approved Indications

**Soliris is indicated for the treatment of:**

- A. Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
- B. Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy
- C. Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
- D. Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive

**Bkempv and Epysqli are indicated for the treatment of:**

- A. Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
- B. Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy

*Limitations of Use: Soliris, Bkempv, and Epysqli are is not indicated for the treatment of patients with Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (STEC-HUS).*

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

##### **II. DOCUMENTATION**

Submission of the following information is necessary to initiate the prior authorization review:

- A. For initial requests:
  1. Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome: ADAMTS 13 level
  2. Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria: flow cytometry used to show results of glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored proteins (GPI-APs) deficiency
  3. Generalized myasthenia gravis:
    - i. **Positive** anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody **test**



## Medical Policy Manual **Approved Rev: Do Not Implement until 3/4/25**

- ii. **Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) clinical classification**
    - iii. **MG activities of daily living score**
    - iv. **Previous medications tried, including response to therapy. If therapy is not advisable, documentation of clinical reasons to avoid therapy.**
  4. **Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder: immunoassay used to confirm anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody is present**
- B. **For continuation requests: Chart notes or medical record documentation supporting positive clinical response**

### III. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL

#### A. Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) not caused by Shiga toxin when all of the following criteria are met:

1. **ADAMTS 13 activity level above 5%**
2. **Absence of Shiga toxin**
3. **The requested medication will not be used in combination with another complement inhibitor (e.g., Ultomiris) for the treatment of aHUS.**

#### B. Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) when all of the following criteria are met:

1. **The diagnosis of PNH was confirmed by detecting a deficiency of glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored proteins (GPI-APs) (e.g., at least 5% PNH cells, at least 51% of GPI-AP deficient poly-morphonuclear cells)**
2. **Flow cytometry is used to demonstrate GPI-APs deficiency**
3. **Member has and exhibits clinical manifestations of disease (e.g., LDH > 1.5 ULN, thrombosis, renal dysfunction, pulmonary hypertension, dysphagia)**
4. **The requested medication will not be used in combination with another complement inhibitor (e.g., Empaveli, Fabhalta, Piasky, Ultomiris) for the treatment of PNH (concomitant use with Voydeya is allowed).**

#### C. Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG)

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) when all of the following criteria are met:

1. **Anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive**
2. **Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) clinical classification II to IV**
3. **MG activities of daily living (MG-ADL) total score of greater than or equal to 5**
4. **Meets one of the following:**
  - i. **Member has had an inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to at least two immunosuppressive therapies over the course of at least 12 months (e.g., azathioprine, corticosteroids, cyclosporine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, tacrolimus)**
  - ii. **Member has had an inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to at least one immunosuppressive therapy and intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) over the course of at least 12 months**
  - iii. **Member has a documented clinical reason to avoid therapy with immunosuppressive agents and IVIG**
5. **The requested medication will not be used in combination with another complement inhibitor (e.g., Ultomiris, Zilbrysq) or neonatal Fc receptor blocker (e.g., Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, Rystiggo).**



## Medical Policy Manual **Approved Rev: Do Not Implement until 3/4/25**

### D. Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) when all of the following criteria are met:

1. Anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive
2. Member exhibits one of the following core clinical characteristics of NMOSD:
  - i. Optic neuritis
  - ii. Acute myelitis
  - iii. Area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea and vomiting)
  - iv. Acute brainstem syndrome
  - v. Symptomatic narcolepsy or acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic MRI lesions
  - vi. Symptomatic cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesions
3. The member will not receive the requested drug concomitantly with other biologics for the treatment of NMOSD.

## IV. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

### A. Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization **when all of the following criteria are met:**

1. There is no evidence of unacceptable toxicity or disease progression while on the current regimen.
2. **The member demonstrates a positive response to therapy (e.g., normalization of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels, platelet counts).**
3. **The requested medication will not be used in combination with another complement inhibitor (e.g., Ultomiris) for the treatment of aHUS.**

### B. Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization when **all of the following criteria are met:**

1. There is no evidence of unacceptable toxicity or disease progression while on the current regimen.
2. **The member demonstrates a positive response to therapy (e.g., improvement in hemoglobin levels, normalization of lactate dehydrogenase [LDH] levels).**
3. **The requested medication will not be used in combination with another complement inhibitor (e.g., Empaveli, Fabhalta, Piasky, Ultomiris) for the treatment of PNH (concomitant use with Voydeya is allowed).**

### C. Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization when **all of the following criteria are met:**

1. There is no evidence of unacceptable toxicity or disease progression while on the current regimen
2. **The member demonstrates a positive response to therapy (e.g., improvement in MG-ADL score, MG Manual Muscle Test (MMT), MG Composite).**
3. **The requested medication will not be used in combination with another complement inhibitor (e.g., Ultomiris, Zilbrysq) or neonatal Fc receptor blocker (e.g., Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, Rystiggo).**

### D. Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization when all of the following criteria are met:

1. There is no evidence of unacceptable toxicity or disease progression while on the current regimen.
2. The member demonstrates a positive response to therapy (e.g., reduction in number of relapses).



## Medical Policy Manual **Approved Rev: Do Not Implement until 3/4/25**

- The member will not receive the requested drug concomitantly with other biologics for the treatment of NMOSD.

### V. DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Approvals may be subject to dosing limits in accordance with FDA-approved labeling, accepted compendia, and/or evidence-based practice guidelines.

### MEDICATION QUANTITY LIMITS

Drug Name	Diagnosis	Maximum Dosing Regimen
Soliris (Eculizumab)	Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (aHUS)	Route of Administration: Intravenous <u>&lt;18 year(s)</u> 5-9kg Initial: 300mg weekly for 1 dose Maintenance: 300mg every 3 weeks, starting on week 2  10-19kg Initial: 600mg weekly for 1 dose Maintenance: 300mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 2  20-29kg Initial: 600mg weekly for 2 doses Maintenance: 600mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 3  30-39kg Initial: 600mg weekly for 2 doses Maintenance: 900mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 3  ≥40kg Initial: 900mg weekly for 4 doses Maintenance: 1200mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 5  <u>≥18 year(s)</u> Initial: 900mg weekly for 4 doses Maintenance: 1200mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 5
Soliris (Eculizumab)	Generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG)	Route of Administration: Intravenous <b>Initial:</b> 900mg weekly for 4 doses  <b>Maintenance:</b> 1200mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 5
Soliris (Eculizumab)	Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)	Route of Administration: Intravenous <b>Initial:</b> 900mg weekly for 4 doses  <b>Maintenance:</b> 1200mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 5
Soliris (Eculizumab)	Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria (PNH)	Route of Administration: Intravenous <b>Initial:</b> 600mg weekly for 4 doses  <b>Maintenance:</b> 900mg every 2 weeks, starting on week 5

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### **APPLICABLE TENNESSEE STATE MANDATE REQUIREMENTS**

BlueCross BlueShield of Tennessee's Medical Policy complies with Tennessee Code Annotated Section 56-7-2352 regarding coverage of off-label indications of Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved drugs when the off-label use is recognized in one of the statutorily recognized standard reference compendia or in the published peer-reviewed medical literature.

### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

For appropriate chemotherapy regimens, dosage information, contraindications, precautions, warnings, and monitoring information, please refer to one of the standard reference compendia (e.g., the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) published by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network®, Drugdex Evaluations of Micromedex Solutions at Truven Health, or The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information).

### **REFERENCES**

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**BlueCross BlueShield  
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# ***Policy***

## Medical Policy Manual **Approved Rev: Do Not Implement until 3/4/25**

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**EFFECTIVE DATE**                      3/4/2025

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